

Towards a social and sustainable service economy: from ownership to use

Combining performance and trust in the service of the environment and people

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In a nutshell, the service economy is the supply of products/services seeking useful effects and performance in use, co-constructed by the consumer, the company and the employee, and taking account of social and environmental considerations.

For a company, committing to this approach means choosing:

- → a business model that puts the environmental and social dimensions at the centre, in line with the principles of CSR (Corporate Social Responsibility);
- \rightarrow a local base that encourages collaboration between local players based on trust and long-term commitments.

For example: with the service economy, we are moving from selling a tyre to making a tyre available with a usage performance contract offering services to meet the needs of the user as closely as possible, including through the use of data transmitted by on-board electronics.

Although this model has been around for several decades, its development involves far-reaching changes to the company, which can undermine its financial equilibrium. However, the current context offers new opportunities for entrepreneurs: the priorities given to strengthening strategic autonomy, relocation and re-industrialisation, the local and circular economy, and a better sharing of added value, are all factors favourable to the development of the service economy.

According to the ESEC, the service economy must be both social and sustainable: eco-design of products that takes account of consumer needs, with the aim of making them repairable and recyclable; revaluation of the role of women and men in the running of businesses; greater attention paid to the needs, satisfaction and protection and consumers. Locally, the players in the service economy are creating links that contribute to the development of an ecosystem:



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OPINION

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Set up a stakeholder committee to analyse and monitor the dynamics of the service economy in order to inform public policy in support of it

Create platforms to enable companies **to share best practice** and encourage the development of the associative, mutual and cooperative service economy

Extend eligibility for **the innovation tax credit (ITC) for SMEs** beyond just the technological component



Negotiate agreements between the social partners based on a shared diagnosis and a choice of priorities, and in particular invite the public authorities to transcribe faithfully into law the interprofessional agreements of February 2023. Ensure that **consumers' interests are taken into account,** in particular the adequacy of consumer law, the need to guarantee the quality of services, transparency and the right to opt out

Use public procurement to accelerate the service economy, in particular through awareness-raising and training initiatives

Combat anti-competitive practices by ensuring full application of the Digital Market Act (DMA) and Digital Services Act (DSA) regulations

THE RAPPORTEURS

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